chapter must comply with such applicable requirements. The obligation to comply with these requirements in part 97 of this chapter will be eliminated by the promulgation of an approval by the Administrator of a revision to the District of Columbia State Implementation Plan (SIP) as meeting the requirements of CAIR for  $PM_{2.5}$  relating to  $NO_X$  under §51.123 of this chapter, except to the extent the Administrator's approval is partial or conditional or unless such approval is under §51.123(p) of this chapter.

(2) Notwithstanding any provisions of paragraph (a)(1) of this section, if, at the time of such approval of the District of Columbia's SIP, the Administrator has already allocated CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> allowances to sources in the District of Columbia for any years, the provisions of part 97 of this chapter authorizing the Administrator to complete the allocation of CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> allowances for those years shall continue to apply, unless the Administrator approves a SIP provision that provides for the allocation of the remaining CAIR NO<sub>x</sub> allowances for those years.

(b)(1) The owner and operator of each  $NO_X$  source located within the District of Columbia and for which requirements are set forth under the Federal CAIR NO<sub>X</sub> Ozone Season Trading Program in subparts AAAA through IIII of part 97 of this chapter must comply with such applicable requirements. The obligation to comply with these requirements in part 97 of this chapter will be eliminated by the promulgation of an approval by the Administrator of a revision to the District of Columbia State Implementation Plan (SIP) as meeting the requirements of CAIR for ozone relating to NOx under §51.123 of this chapter, except to the extent the Administrator's approval is partial or conditional or unless such approval is under §51.123(ee) of this chapter.

(2) Notwithstanding any provisions of paragraph (b)(1) of this section, if, at the time of such approval of the District of Columbia's SIP, the Administrator has already allocated CAIR  $NO_X$  Ozone Season allowances to sources in the District of Columbia for any years, the provisions of part 97 of this chapter authorizing the Administrator to complete the allocation of CAIR  $NO_X$  Ozone

Season allowances for those years shall continue to apply, unless the Administrator approves a SIP provision that provides for the allocation of the remaining CAIR  $NO_X$  Ozone Season allowances for those years.

- (c) Notwithstanding any provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section and subparts AA through II and AAAA through IIII of part 97 of this chapter to the contrary:
- (1) With regard to any control period that begins after December 31, 2011,
- (i) The provisions in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section relating to  $NO_{\rm X}$  annual or ozone season emissions shall not be applicable; and
- (ii) The Administrator will not carry out any of the functions set forth for the Administrator in subparts AA through II and AAAA through IIII of part 97 of this chapter; and
- (2) The Administrator will not deduct for excess emissions any CAIR  $NO_X$  allowances or CAIR  $NO_X$  Ozone Season allowances allocated for 2012 or any year thereafter:
- (3) By November 7, 2011, the Administrator will remove from the CAIR  $NO_X$  Allowance Tracking System accounts all CAIR  $NO_X$  allowances allocated for a control period in 2012 and any subsequent year, and, thereafter, no holding or surrender of CAIR  $NO_X$  allowances will be required with regard to emissions or excess emissions for such control periods; and
- (4) By November 7, 2011, the Administrator will remove from the CAIR  $NO_X$  Ozone Season Allowance Tracking System accounts all CAIR  $NO_X$  Ozone Season allowances allocated for a control period in 2012 and any subsequent year, and, thereafter, no holding or surrender of CAIR  $NO_X$  Ozone Season allowances will be required with regard to emissions or excess emissions for such control periods.

[72 FR 62345, Nov.2, 2007, as amended at 76 FR 48362, Aug. 8, 2011]

# § 52.485 Interstate pollutant transport provisions; What are the FIP requirements for decreases in emissions of sulfur dioxide?

(a) The owner and operator of each  $SO_2$  source located within the District of Columbia and for which requirements are set forth under the Federal

### §§ 52.486-52.497

CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> Trading Program in subparts AAA through III of part 97 of this chapter must comply with such applicable requirements. The obligation to comply with these requirements in part 97 of this chapter will be eliminated by the promulgation of an approval by the Administrator of a revision to the District of Columbia State Implementation Plan as meeting the requirements of CAIR for PM<sub>2.5</sub> relating to SO<sub>2</sub> under §51.124 of this chapter, except to the extent the Administrator's approval is partial or conditional or unless such approval is under §51.124(r) of this chapter.

- (b) Notwithstanding any provisions of paragraph (a) of this section and subparts AAA through III of part 97 of this chapter and any State's SIP to the contrary:
- (1) With regard to any control period that begins after December 31, 2011,
- (i) The provisions of paragraph (a) of this section relating to  $SO_2$  emissions shall not be applicable; and
- (ii) The Administrator will not carry out any of the functions set forth for the Administrator in subparts AAA through III of part 97 of this chapter; and
- (2) The Administrator will not deduct for excess emissions any CAIR SO<sub>2</sub> allowances allocated for 2012 or any year thereafter.

[72 FR 62345, Nov.2, 2007, as amended at 76 FR 48362, Aug. 8, 2011]

### §§ 52.486-52.497 [Reserved]

## § 52.498 Requirements for state implementation plan revisions relating to new motor vehicles.

The District of Columbia must comply with the requirements of §51.120.

[60 FR 4737, Jan. 24, 1995]

## §52.499 Significant deterioration of air quality.

- (a) The requirements of sections 160 through 165 of the Clean Air Act are not met, since the plan does not include approvable procedures for preventing the significant deterioration of air quality.
- (b) Regulations for preventing significant deterioration of air quality. The provisions of §52.21 except paragraph (a)(1) are hereby incorporated

and made a part of the applicable State plan for the District of Columbia.

[43 FR 26410, June 19, 1978, as amended at 45 FR 52741, Aug. 7, 1980; 68 FR 11322, Mar. 10, 2003; 68 FR 74488, Dec. 24, 2003]

### §52.510 Small business assistance program.

On October 22, 1993, the Administrator of the District of Columbia Environmental Regulation Administration submitted a plan for the establishment and implementation of a Small Business Technical and Environmental Compliance Assistance Program as a state implementation plan revision (SIP), as required by title V of the Clean Air Act. EPA approved the Small Business Technical and Environmental Compliance Assistance Program on August 17, 1994 and made it part of the District of Columbia SIP. As with all components of the SIP, the District of Columbia must implement the program as submitted and approved by EPA.

[59 FR 42168, Aug. 17, 1994]

### § 52.515 Original identification of plan section.

- (a) This section identifies the original "Air Implementation Plan for the District of Columbia" and all revisions submitted by the District of Columbia that were federally approved prior to July 1, 1998.
- (b) The above plan was officially submitted on January 31, 1972, by the Mayor/Commissioner.
- (c) The plan revisions listed below were submitted on the dates specified.
- (1) Control strategies for sulfur oxides and particulate matter were defined by the District's "Implementation Plan for Controlling Sulfur Oxide and Particulate Air Pollutants" submitted on August 14, 1970, by the District of Columbia.
- (2) Addition to Permit to Construct regulation, Section 8-2:720 of the District of Columbia Control Regulations, plus miscellaneous non-regulatory revisions to the plan submitted April 28, 1972, by the District of Columbia.
- (3) Particulate matter emission rate graph submitted on January 29, 1973, by the Department of Environmental Services.